

Math 325-002 — Problem Set #5
Due: Wednesday, September 29 by 5pm

Instructions: You are encouraged to work together on these problems, but each student should hand in their own final draft, written in a way that indicates their individual understanding of the solutions. Never submit something for grading that you do not completely understand.

If you do work with others, I ask that you write something along the top like “I collaborated with Steven Smale on problems 1 and 3”. If you use a reference, indicate so clearly in your solutions. In short, be intellectually honest at all times.

Please write neatly, using complete sentences and correct punctuation. Label the problems clearly.

- (1) Prove that the sequence

$$\left\{ \frac{8n^2 - 5n + 3}{4n^2 + 1} \right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

converges. (This includes finding to what it converges.) You should use Theorem 12.2, but carefully justify every step using the Theorem.

- (2) Prove that the sequence $\{\sqrt{n}\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ diverges.
- (3) Assume that $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to zero, and that $a_n \geq 0$ for all natural numbers n . Prove that $\{\sqrt{a_n}\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to zero also.
- (4) Assume that $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to L , and that $a_n \geq 0$ for all natural numbers n . Prove¹ that $\{\sqrt{a_n}\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to \sqrt{L} .
- (5) Let $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converge to zero, and let $\{b_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ be any bounded sequence (that may or may not be convergent). Prove that $\{a_n b_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to zero.
- (6) Let $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ be a sequence such that $a_n > 0$ for all n . Show that $\{a_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ diverges to ∞ if and only if $\{\frac{1}{a_n}\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$ converges to 0.

¹Use an old HW problem to explain why $L \geq 0$. Use the previous problem to deal with the case $L = 0$. For $L > 0$, use $(\sqrt{a_n} - \sqrt{L})(\sqrt{a_n} + \sqrt{L}) = a_n - L$ to deduce that

$$\sqrt{a_n} - \sqrt{L} \leq \frac{|a_n - L|}{\sqrt{L}}.$$